

TIME TABLE.

B. & M. R. R. - Conn. & Pass. Div.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT
In effect June 24, 1901.

Trains Leave
NEWPORT-NORTH-6:10 a. m.; 7:30 a. m.; 1:30 p. m.; 7:05 p. m.; 8:34 p. m.; **SOUTH**-7:05 a. m.; 8:15 a. m.; 12:35 p. m.; 4:00 p. m.; 7:10 p. m.; 11:25 p. m.
COVENTRY-NORTH-6:10 a. m.; 6:10 p. m.; **SOUTH**-7:10 a. m.; 4:10 p. m.
BARTON LANDING-NORTH-4:35 a. m.; 8:03 a. m.; 12:15 p. m.; 3:55 p. m.; **SOUTH**-4:35 a. m.; 8:03 a. m.; 12:15 p. m.; 3:55 p. m.; 7:10 p. m.; 11:25 p. m.
BARTON-NORTH-4:11 a. m.; 4:25 a. m.; 7:40 a. m.; 12:35 p. m.; 5:00 p. m.; 5:18 p. m.; 9:02 p. m.; **SOUTH**-4:11 a. m.; 4:25 a. m.; 7:40 a. m.; 12:35 p. m.; 5:00 p. m.; 5:18 p. m.; 9:02 p. m.; 1:22 p. m.; 4:37 p. m.; 8:05 p. m.; 11:52 p. m.; 9:05 p. m.
SOUTH BARTON-NORTH-11:55 a. m.; 5:37 p. m.; **SOUTH**-7:45 a. m.; 4:52 p. m.
SUTTON-NORTH-11:57 a. m.; 5:20 p. m.; **SOUTH**-8:01 a. m.; 5:05 p. m.
WEST BURKE-NORTH-3:55 a. m.; 11:30 a. m.; 8:17 p. m.; 5:12 p. m.; 8:32 p. m.; **SOUTH**-4:12 a. m.; 12:07 a. m.; 7:34 a. m.; 8:43 a. m.; 8:30 p. m.; 9:27 a. m.; 2:03 p. m.; 5:35 p. m.; 9:07 p. m.
LYNDONVILLE-NORTH-3:25 a. m.; 3:40 a. m.; 11:12 a. m.; 4:20 p. m.; 4:56 p. m.; 8:17 p. m.; **SOUTH**-12:35 p. m.; 12:52 p. m.; 8:30 p. m.; 9:27 a. m.; 2:03 p. m.; 5:35 p. m.; 9:07 p. m.
ST. JOHNSBURY-NORTH-3:05 a. m.; 3:18 a. m.; 10:45 a. m.; 4:00 p. m.; 4:27 p. m.; 7:50 p. m.; **SOUTH**-3:05 a. m.; 3:18 a. m.; 10:45 a. m.; 4:00 p. m.; 4:27 p. m.; 7:50 p. m.; 9:45 a. m.; 2:22 p. m.; 6:00 p. m.; 10:15 p. m.
a Stops only for passengers to or from connecting roads or divisions.
b Stops only for passengers from Concord or below.
c Stops to leave passengers, or, when signalled, to take passengers.
d Daily. *Daily, except Sunday.
D. J. FLANDERS, G. P. & T. A.

St. J. & L. C. R. R.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT
In effect June 24, 1901.

HARDWICK-West-8:25 a. m.; 5:37 p. m.; 10:17 p. m.; East-6:47 a. m.; 12:47 p. m.; 7:46 p. m.
EAST HARDWICK-West-8:16 a. m.; 5:28 p. m.; 10:04 p. m.; East-7:02 a. m.; 12:56 p. m.; 7:56 p. m.
GREENSBORO-West-8:08 a. m.; 5:20 p. m.; 10:00 p. m.; East-7:24 a. m.; 1:08 p. m.; 8:08 p. m.
VT. JOHNSBURY-West-7:00 a. m.; 4:08 p. m.; 8:00 p. m.; East-2:45 a. m.; 6:45 a. m.; 2:32 p. m.; 4:35 p. m.
D. J. FLANDERS, G. P. & T. A.

DYSPEPSIA

"For six years I was a victim of dyspepsia in its worst form. I could eat nothing but milk toast, and at times my stomach would not retain and digest even that. Last March I began taking CASCARETS, and since then I have steadily improved, until I am as well as I ever was in my life."
DAVID H. MURPHY, Newark, O.



Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken, or Grip. 25c. 50c.
... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...
Sole and exclusive agents for all drugs and chemicals to CURE TOBACCO HABIT.
NO-TO-BAC

WE ARE APPROACHING

the time to buy Bulbs.
Let us know your wants.
We can give you lowest prices on first-class stock—the same as we use. If in need of a Design or Cut Flowers try us on one order.

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FLORIST,
WEST DERBY, VERMONT.
People's and New England Telephones.

School Stationery.

Everything in the line of School Stationery on sale here.

Tablets, Note Books, Record Books,
Pencils, Pens, Erasers,
Ink and Ink Wells.

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In Bookkeeping Supplies we have
Ledger and Journal Paper,
Double Pointed Ruling Pens, Rules
and the Best Black and Red Ink.

Our Stock of Stationery is
Unexcelled.

H. C. PIERCE,
Barton, Vt.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE MONITOR]

Washington, Sept. 9th 1901.

The tragic and wholly unexpected calamity which has befallen President McKinley and the country is of course the overshadowing topic of interest in Washington today. While astute observers of public events had long recognized the possibility of such a tragedy, to the mass of the people it had the bewildering effect of a thing entirely unforeseen. It had been foreshadowed to some extent in the assassination of the Empress Elizabeth and of King Humbert, which proved the power and wicked daring of the anarchist societies; and it was practically certain that sooner or later this power would be felt in America, in precisely the form which it has taken. The attempted assassination of H. C. Frick by Bergman, after the Homestead riot, showed that such a deed was not by any means foreign to the thoughts of anarchists in America, and this type of assassin regards his victim as desirable in proportion to the power which he wields. That the thing was planned skillfully and carefully, and that the assassin was ordered by some secret association to commit the crime, was proved to the satisfaction of everybody before the news was six hours old. The fact that the assassin is not of the criminal type, that he has been calm and coherent in his testimony, and that his action was quite deliberate and well-planned, all remove this case from the class of crimes committed by half-crazy place-hunters like Guitau, or political antagonists like Booth.

It is simply the result of an organized, determined, and well-considered movement, whose object is, by the assassination of persons in power, and by causing public calamity of one sort or another, to intimidate and terrorize society with a view to abolishing all social institutions. That is in plain English the anarchist's idea of his duty; and whether he is to be allowed to entertain and obey that idea to the extent which he thinks fit, depends entirely upon public sentiment.

It is doubtful if the news could have caused, in the rest of the country, such deep-rooted pain and apprehension as it caused in the national capital. It may be said without qualification that no president has endeared himself to the people of Washington more than President McKinley. His unflinching tact, his invariable serenity, his attention to the wants and pleasures of those around him, have become known to the people of this city in a hundred different ways. Republicans all over the country may have learned during his public life, before and after his coming to the White House, to respect his ability and admire his character; in Washington, which has been his home for many years, he has won the esteem of even his political opponents by his admirable personal qualities.

There are men in power who pride themselves on their ability to say "No"; but they frequently say it in such a manner that their interlocutor feels as if he had been kicked. Mr. McKinley could always refuse a favor in a way that made the disappointed one choke down his feelings until he was out of the official presence, and even then he was not always sure that he was disappointed. No one ever had to complain of a discourtesy from Mr. McKinley, as representative or as president. He was placed in many difficult positions, but he always got out of them without hurting anyone's feelings more than was absolutely necessary. Another lovable trait in his character is his faculty of remembering and noticing little things of importance to others. If one of his friends had a daughter married or lost a child, President McKinley never forgot to express his sympathy with the joy or sorrow, as the case might be. If he could do nothing more he would send a tactful little note. He was never on his dignity, because his dignity was himself and not a pedestal. He was accessible and approachable from the first of his term in the White House, and he always seemed to know what to say to everybody. Possibly a part of this tact and consideration may be traced to his well-known devotion to his invalid wife. Those who are members of the inner circle of Washington society know many charming little stories of this devotion, which are not given to the public. A man cannot give himself so completely to the task of caring for a beloved and delicate woman without becoming refined and ennobled by the performance of the duty.

This is why, with an interest quite apart from sensation-seeking, great crowds of people thronged the avenues near the newspaper offices and watched the bulletin-boards eagerly until past midnight Friday night, for news of the President's condition.

Norris Silver, North Stratford, N. H.: "I purchased a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure when suffering with a cough doctors told me was incurable. One bottle relieved me, the second and third almost cured. To-day I am a well man." H. C. Pierce, R. E. French, H. S. Webster, Russell & Sears.

Demand for Labor.

The demand for labor shows no diminution. The governor of Kansas was obliged to issue an edict that all tramps in the state must go to work in the wheat fields. This did not bring any more help to the farmers, but it succeeded in ridding Kansas of its army of idlers, and gave proof to the assertion that there are men who would rather live in indolence and beg sustenance, than improve their condition by work. As a result, the farmers have been obliged to import laborers from New York, and the steady influx of immigrants has found a glad welcome; and yet, one fifth of the grain crop west of the Mississippi will go to waste because there are not enough men to care for it. In some sections of Pennsylvania, farm labor is so scarce that women and even girls are employed to work in the fields. Those who scoff at the claim of prosperity are invited to study these facts. The demand for labor is only possible in times of real prosperity. Some occupations may be overcrowded, but those willing to turn to any honest labor seem to find no difficulty in securing it. We have no reason to detract from the excellence of the liberty-giving doctrines of our government, but it seems that the edict of the governor of Kansas might be considered in federal circles.—Success.

When you want a pleasant physic try the new remedy, Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They are easy to take and pleasant in effect. Price 25 cents. Samples free at H. C. Pierce's, Barton, H. S. Webster's, Barton Landing, W. E. Tripp's & E. Charleston.

The Evils of Debt.

Debt is a troublesome factor in human life. It is easier to get into it than it is to get out of it. Wisdom says, avoid it; run not into it hastily or suddenly; or if it has been incurred, pay it off as soon as possible and keep out of it.

Every man thinks he is the best judge of his circumstances and does not take kindly to advice from outsiders, but the wisest of us would do well to heed the voice of experience. Many thousands have suffered for the reason that they believed themselves wiser than others. Ruined reputations and business follow heedlessness about going into debt. Numbers contract a habit of borrowing, and with the multiplication of their wants, larger and larger sums are obtained until complete disaster overtakes them, or if some of them manage to keep things afloat during their lifetime by various expedients, they leave bankrupt estates behind them and financial ruin to their dependents.

Debt is one of the crying evils of the day. Churches and homes suffer from it as well as society and business. There is need to emphasize anew Paul's practical principle: "Owe no man anything, but to love one another."—Exchange.

Geo. W. Lane, Pawamot, Mich., writes: "Your Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is the best remedy for indigestion and stomach trouble that I ever used. For years I suffered from dyspepsia, at times compelling me to stay in bed and causing me untold agony. I am completely cured by Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. In recommending it to friends who suffer from indigestion I always offer to pay for it if it fails. Thus far I have never paid." H. C. Pierce, R. E. French, H. S. Webster, Russell & Sears.

Reduction of War Revenue

The reduction in war revenue, resulting from the withdrawal of stamp taxation, will amount to \$44,000,000 a year. The largest reduction will be in the matter of certain liquors, where the amount will be \$9,500,000 a year. The next largest figures are for bank checks, \$7,000,000; tobacco, \$7,000,000; promissory notes \$4,500,000; proprietary medicines, \$3,950,000; cigars, \$3,000,000; and insurance, \$3,000,000. The reduction lifts a burden of considerable proportions from the people, for which they are grateful.—Success.

Gifts to Colleges.

Since the first of last June \$15,974,872 has been given as gifts to the colleges of this country. All the generous donors are not the Morgans, the Rockefellers, the Vanderbilts, and other multi-millionaires of the nation. Thousands of alumni have added, in proportion to their means, to the common cause,—education. Nearly all the leading colleges received splendid contributions, and many will now be able to promote some needed improvements that have been in a backward state because of a lack of funds.—Success.

LETTER TO C. W. TENNEY,
BARTON, VT.

Dear Sir: You give full weight of good coal.

So do we—231 inches to a gallon of paint that lasts twice as long as old fashion painter's paint, lead and oil; and allow our agent to sell it on this guarantee:

"If you have any trouble with this paint, either now in putting it on, or hereafter in the wear, tell your dealer about it. We authorize him to do what is right at our expense."

We know a dealer in coal, who delivered his coal with a public weigher's ticket (full weight) invited complaints, and actually exchanged the coal when complaint was made. He had half the business; a dozen firms had the other half.

We are 146 years old, but not too old to sell paint as that dealer sold coal. We like to pay damages—when there are any.
Yours truly,
F. W. Devos & Co.
P. S. H. C. Pierce sells our paint in your section.

Laugh and Live Long.

Thackeray truly remarked that the world is for each of us much as we show ourselves to the world. If we face it with a cheery acceptance we find the world fairly full of cheerful people, glad to see us. If we snarl at it and abuse it we may be sure of abuse in return. The discontented worries of a morose person may very likely shorten his days, and the general justice of nature's arrangement provides that his early departure should entail no long regrets. On the other hand, a man who can laugh keeps his health, and his friends are glad to see him. To the perfectly healthy laughter comes often. Too commonly, though, as childhood is left behind the habit fails, and a half smile is the best that visits the thought lined mouth of the modern man or woman. People become more and more burdened with the accumulations of knowledge and the weighing responsibilities of life, but they should still spare time to laugh. Let them never forget, moreover, and let it be a medical man's practice to remind them that "a smile sits ever serene upon the face of wisdom."—London Lancet.

B. W. Parcell, Kintersville, Pa., says he suffered 25 years with piles and could obtain no relief until DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve effected a permanent cure. Counterfeits are worthless. H. C. Pierce, R. E. French, H. S. Webster, Russell & Sears.

A Child of the Arctic Regions.

Marie Abnigto Peary, for whom a ship load of men are looking in the Arctic Ocean, is the daughter of Lieutenant Peary, the explorer. She and her mother went north on the Windward last year to look for Lieutenant Peary, and another ship has started in search of the Windward. Little Miss Peary is the only American child born in the arctic. Mrs. Peary accompanied her husband to the frozen north on his expedition of 1893, and, on September 12 of that year, on board the Falcon, which was his permanent headquarters, the little one was born. She was born just at the close of the arctic summer day, and after one day of sunlight she lived for six months in continuous lamplight. After that she was for five months in continuous sunlight, and in that time she developed as though she were living in a hothouse. The white baby was a source of wonder to the Eskimos, who came from far away points to see it.—Union Signal.

Sid Darling, 1012 Howard st., Port Huron, Mich., writes: "I have tried many pills and laxatives but DeWitt's Little Early Risers are far the best pills I have ever used." They never gripe. H. C. Pierce, R. E. French, H. S. Webster, Russell & Sears.

An Awakening.

In every one's life there comes a waking up time, and it's well for them if it comes at the beginning and not at the end, when it is too late to mend the past. These times are private revivals and do more good than any public ones.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Don't wait until you become chronically constipated but take DeWitt's Little Early Risers now and then. They will keep your liver and bowels in good order. Easy to take. Safe pills. H. C. Pierce, R. E. French, H. S. Webster, Russell & Sears.

Was This Boy Wise?

Passing along a busy street the other day, I saw a boy carrying a basket full to the brim, which seemed to tax his strength to its utmost capacity. Indeed, at times it looked by his jerks and extra efforts, as if its weight would bear him down beneath it in spite of his plucky determination. I observed to him:

"My boy, that basket is rather heavy for you to carry, is it not?"
"Yes, sir," he replied. Then an even more determined expression came into his bright young face, as he added, "But I'd rather carry it than that my mother should have to do it."

History Told in Novels.

From English and American novels alone the ordinary reader could construct the history of the English-speaking peoples from the dim dawn of the earliest invasions of their savage ancestors to the bright noontide of modern civilization.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Children's Parties.

The social liberties of the American child are one of the evils of this country. Children's dances and children's parties, once given in the afternoon, have intruded into the evening, and are sending thousands of our children to their beds in a state of excitement which means no good for their future. It stands to reason that no child can, with his or her unformed strength, burn the candle at both ends.—Ladies' Home Journal.

What to Read.

The books that help a young man, or anybody else for that matter, are the books that interest him. Therefore a young man must select his own reading, if he is to read with any profit to himself.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it is

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*
In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

PARTRIDGE EGGS.

Said to Be More Nutritious Than the Birds Themselves.

"Few persons are aware of the fact," said a well known physician, "but it is true, nevertheless, that the egg of the partridge is one of the most nutritious things in the world. They are not used for eating purposes except in very rare cases, and then it generally happens in remote rural districts. I have known negro families in the state of Louisiana during the laying season to live on the eggs of partridges. And they would flourish handsomely and grow fat on account of the rich properties of the eggs."

"These eggs, of course, never find their way into the market because they are never taken from their nest except by such persons as I have mentioned, and they rob the nests, I suppose, because their principal food supply comes from this source. Quail meat comes pretty high in the market at all times, and the average man will find it more profitable to spare the eggs and wait for the birds when the hunting season rolls around. These men would pass 100 nests in one day without disturbing an egg. The sport of hunting the birds is an additional incentive."

"The average negro does not care so much about this aspect of the case. He figures that the white man, having the best gun and the best dog, will beat him to the bird. So he goes after the egg. One partridge will lay anywhere from 12 to 20 eggs, and a nest is a good find. I know of many families in rural sections who feast on these eggs in the laying season. I have tried the egg myself as an experiment. I found it peculiarly rich. It has a good flavor, is very palatable and in fact is altogether a very fine thing to eat. Really I believe that the egg has more nutrition in it than the fully developed bird, but of course, as one of the men fond of the game in the field, I would like to discourage the robbery of the nests."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

HUSTLING FOR BUSINESS.

More or Less of It Done in New York Lawyers' Offices.

"Get a move on! That's the great motto," said a New York lawyer who has been practicing in the local courts for the last 25 years.

"When I was admitted to the bar," he went on, "there was a great idea of the dignity of the profession. A lawyer would about as soon have paraded Broadway carrying a sandwich sign calling attention to his legal ability as he would have thought of hustling in any other way for business. The thing to do was to rent an office and sit in it until somebody came and dug you out of the dust and spider webs and asked you to take a case."

"The march of progress has changed all that. Every law firm in this city hustles for business. I don't mean that the big men of the firm chase around after clients. Of course they don't. But the firm does a lot of shrewd planning ahead. It schemes in a particular fashion of its own to widen its sphere of usefulness—to itself."

"Of late years one of the expedients adopted has been the taking into the firm of young college graduates who can give a reasonable guarantee that they will bring business. College men know of this custom, and many of them shape their life at the university accordingly. They are after friends. They want to be popular. They want to be able to 'swing' as much of the future legal business of their fellow graduates as they can."

"A chap who can bring business of that sort is taken in on a good salary even when he is the veriest tyro to law. He's expected, of course, to do what real work he can and to study hard. But the salary is for the pull he can exert over his fellows."—New York Sun.

Animal Intelligence.

In a circus in Paris a lion was given some meat shut up in a box with a lid to it, and the spectators watched to see whether the lion would open the lid or crack the box. He did the former, much to the gratification of the company.

In the London "Zoo" a large African elephant restores to his would be entertainers all the biscuits, "whole or broken, which strike the bars and fall alike out of his reach and theirs in the space between the barrier and his cage. He points his trunk straight at the biscuits and blows them hard along the floor to the feet of the persons who have thrown them. He clearly knows what he is doing, because if the biscuit does not travel well he gives it a harder blow."

Iron in the Sixteenth Century.

The cost of the railings around St. Paul's cathedral (claimed by several Sussex parishes, but really made at Lamberhurst, a parish partly in Kent) is recorded in the account books of the manufactory as having been £11,202 0s. 6d. The total weight was 200 tons. The amount of employment given may be conjectured from the statement of Richard Woodman, one of the Marian martyrs burned at Lewes in 1557, that he had set a hundred persons to work for the year together.—London Spectator.

Sober Second Thought.

"I thought I was riding into office on a wave of popular enthusiasm!"
"Yes?"
"But after I'd paid the bills I felt as if I'd footed it in, so to speak."—Detroit Journal.

One Kansas law says the personal property of a dead man, when not claimed by relatives, shall be sold at auction.

Prudence is common sense well trained in the art of manner, of discrimination and of address.

GOODS BY THE CARLOAD.

We have been receiving new goods by the carload. Among the lots received we mention

Carload Flour,
Carload Portland Cement,
1-2 Carload Nails.

We have BINDING TWINE in Large Quantities.

Our assortment of
Groceries
comprises everything to be found in a first-class grocery store.

ONIONS for Sale.

W. C. Twombly,
Barton Landing, Vt.



CAN'T EAT

Poor Feed and thrive on it. Might as well muzzle your horse and turn him loose in a grain field—could extract as much good out of it.

GRAIN and HAY
sold by us is of the best quality. Have just received a car of

SEWER PIPE.
We also keep

CEMENT, LIME,
and
DAIRY and CATTLE SALT.

A. M. TOWER,
BARTON, VT.

... AT THE ...

IRASBURG GRIST MILL

You will find Corn, Corn Meal, Cracked Corn, Corn and Oats, Mixed Feed, Bran, Gluten, Graham, and some of the best of
Flour

for bread and pastry use.

Corn is high, but I am making the best meal that can be made in the County—all bolted and is just as good to use in the house as can be found. I do this to give my customers the best so as to compare with the price.

Anyone wishing to exchange a farm for my mill and house, if it should suit me I will trade, on account of my hearing. But should prefer a good partner to do the hearing and stay in the mill, as I know it is good property and all two can do.

Yours,

W. F. BREWSTER,
IRASBURG.

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